

## **DRAFT Emergency Use Ventilator (EUV) Design Guidance**

This draft guidance is under development by the AAMI COVID-19 Response Team to provide targeted design constraints to enable rapid development of emergency use ventilators (EUV) to treat patients with COVID-19 respiratory failure. It may also be useful to guide the review of an EUV by an authority having jurisdiction.

This document reflects the work of the experts on the response team and has not undergone a consensus review process. It will be modified and updated as discussions continue and more information becomes available.

It is being made available to the public for information purposes and to seek comments. Comments and suggestions for changes should be sent to [celliot@aami.org](mailto:celliot@aami.org).

# Emergency Use Ventilator Design Guidance

## **Purpose**

The goals of this document are to provide targeted design constraints to enable rapid development of emergency use ventilators (EUV) to treat patients with COVID-19 respiratory failure. This document is also intended to guide the review of an EUV by an authority having jurisdiction.

It is recognized that the surge in COVID-19 is requiring extraordinary measures to provide mechanical ventilatory support to keep pace with clinical need. This global community of clinicians, engineers, manufacturers, regulators, and others are responding to this need by designing and producing, inexpensive, and often open-source, ventilators of varying complexity and capabilities for rapid deployment. This document identifies clinical, engineering and test requirements appropriate to support safe operation. The document identifies requirements that are required for non-EUVs but might not be required for EUVs that have appropriate disclosures. Therefore, ventilators complying with the requirements of this document need not provide a level of performance equivalent to that of critical care ventilators (ISO 80601-2-12<sup>1</sup>) or life-supporting homecare ventilators (ISO 80601-2-72<sup>2</sup>).

## **Introduction**

The requirements outlined in this paper are modeled on ISO 80601-2-80:2018<sup>3</sup> presuming usage in traditional healthcare facilities (e.g. hospitals, assisted living facilities, nursing homes) as well as spaces converted for the care of large numbers of COVID-19 patients (e.g. convention centers, university dormitories, motels). This paper presumes that the operators of the EUV are all trained professional healthcare providers and not lay persons. Hence the requirements of ISO 80601-2-80:2018 specifically for lay operators or the home healthcare environment are considered not applicable to an EUV intended for the treatment of COVID-19 patients.

Fundamentally, the EUV needs to provide ventilation at the patient-connection port within the alarm limits set by the operator or inform the operator via an alarm condition that ventilation within the alarm limits is not occurring. Such alarm conditions need to include:

- Gas or electricity supply failure.
- Ventilator switched off while in mandatory ventilation mode.
- Inspiratory airway pressure exceeded.
- Inspiratory and PEEP pressure not achieved (equivalent to disconnection alarm condition).
- Tidal volume not achieved or exceeded.

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<sup>1</sup> ISO 80601-2-12, *Medical electrical equipment — Part 2-12: Particular requirements for basic safety and essential performance of critical care ventilators*

<sup>2</sup> ISO 80601-2-72, *Medical electrical equipment — Part 2-72: Particular requirements for basic safety and essential performance of home healthcare environment ventilators for ventilator-dependent patients*

<sup>3</sup> ISO 80601-2-80, *Medical electrical equipment — Part 2-80: Particular requirements for basic safety and essential performance of ventilatory support equipment for ventilatory insufficiency*

35 The ventilatory support needs of a COVID-19 patient can range from simple BIPAP (bilevel  
36 positive airway pressure) for patients that are breathing spontaneously to mandatory ventilation  
37 in either a pressure-support or volume control mode. Additionally, these patients are very likely to  
38 require inspired oxygen concentrations ( $FiO_2$ ) in excess of the 21% contained in room air.

39 To properly manage a COVID-19 patient, the EUV needs to indicate to the operator at a minimum:

- 40 • The current settings (e.g., inspiratory pressure, tidal volume, frequency, PEEP,  $FiO_2$ ,  
41 ventilation mode).
- 42 • The current delivery (e.g., inspiratory pressure, tidal volume, respiratory rate, PEEP, and  
43  $FiO_2$  at the patient-connection port).

44 To properly manage a COVID-19 patient, the operator needs to be able to control the EUV at a  
45 minimum:

- 46 •  $FiO_2$  over the range of 21% (ambient) to 95% of the source oxygen concentration input to  
47 the EUV in no more than 10% steps

48 Note: When oxygen is provided by an oxygen concentrator, the input concentration is not 99.5%, but can  
49 vary from 90% to 96% in which case the upper limit of  $FiO_2$  would be 90%.

- 50 • Set PEEP (i.e. BAP) (5 to 20)  $cmH_2O$  in no more than 5  $cmH_2O$  steps
- 51 • I:E ratio (ratio of inspiratory to expiratory time) of 1:2 preferably adjustable from 1:1 to 1:3
- 52 • For mandatory modes, respiratory rate from (10 to 30) inflations/min preferably adjustable  
53 in steps of no more than 2 inflations/min
- 54 • Tidal volume (350 to 450) ml  $\pm 10\%$  in no more than steps of 50 ml, preferably a lower  
55 range of 250 ml and an upper range of 600 ml or 800 ml
- 56 • Where applicable, inspiratory pressure limit (15 to 40)  $cmH_2O$  preferably adjustable in  
57 steps of no more than 5  $cmH_2O$

58 To help prevent contaminating the environment (and particularly the clinicians), filters need to be  
59 placed in the expiratory pathways. Particular attention needs to be placed on the exhaust port.

## 60 **Review of the requirements of ISO 80601-2-80 and their applicability to an EUV**

61 NOTE: Any subclause marked with an asterisk (\*) means that further guidance for this requirement is available in Annex  
62 A of the standard.

63 Remember that ISO 80601-2-80 is a particular standard so it is written on top of (i.e. it modifies)  
64 the GS (the general standard, IEC 60601-1<sup>4</sup>) and the collateral standards (i.e. IEC 60601-1-2<sup>5</sup> on  
65 EMC, IEC 60601-1-6<sup>6</sup> on usability and IEC 60601-1-8<sup>7</sup> on alarms). There are additional applicable  
66 collateral standards (and hence requirements) if the EUV is intended for home use, ambulance

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<sup>4</sup> IEC 60601-1, *Medical electrical equipment — Part 1: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance*

<sup>5</sup> IEC 60601-1-2, *Medical electrical equipment — Part 1-2: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance - Collateral Standard: Electromagnetic disturbances - Requirements and tests*

<sup>6</sup> IEC 60601-1-6, *Medical electrical equipment — Part 1-6: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance - Collateral standard: Usability*

<sup>7</sup> IEC 60601-1-8, *Medical electrical equipment — Part 1-8: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance - Collateral Standard: General requirements, tests and guidance for alarm systems in medical electrical equipment and medical electrical systems*

67 use or as part of a physiological closed loop control system. These standards can be purchased  
68 from many sources including ANSI<sup>8</sup> and AAMI<sup>9</sup>.

69 NOTE: Words written in SMALL CAPS are not 'normal English'. They are defined terms and have specific, defined  
70 meanings. See Clause 3 in the GS and 201.3 in ISO 80601-2-80 for their definitions.

#### 71 **201.4.11.101 Additional requirements for pressurized gas input**

72 Fully required.

73 These are the requirements for an EUV intended to connect to either an air or oxygen pipeline.

#### 74 **Clause 5 General requirements for testing of ME EQUIPMENT**

75 This Clause of the GS is fully required.

#### 76 **201.5.101 Additional requirements for the general requirements for testing of ME** 77 **EQUIPMENT**

78 Fully required.

79 This Clause explains how to interpret and perform tests as well as how to indicate specifications.

#### 80 **Clause 6 Classification of ME EQUIPMENT and ME SYSTEMS**

81 This Clause of the GS is fully required.

82 An EUV may be Class I or Class II or internally powered.

83 Unless there are electrical connections to the PATIENT (e.g. monitoring ACCESSORIES) or heated  
84 breathing tubes or electrically powered ACCESSORIES (e.g. expiratory valves located proximal to  
85 the PATIENT), the plastic breathing tubes provide adequate floating electrical isolation.

86 Protection from the ingress of water: IP21 is required and IP22 is recommended. Body fluids and  
87 IV bags are an expected normal part of the environment of use.

88 Since the EUV is expected to handle gas with an oxygen concentration in excess of the ambient  
89 25 %, the considerations for an OXYGEN RICH ENVIRONMENT (see 60601-1, 11.2.2) are fully  
90 applicable.

#### 91 **201.6.101 Additional requirements for classification of ME EQUIPMENT and ME SYSTEMS**

92 This subclause is recommended but not required. An EUV need not be TRANSIT-OPERABLE.

93 Rationale: For pandemic treatment, a tabletop (i.e. somewhat large) EUV is acceptable.

#### 94 **Clause 7 ME EQUIPMENT identification, marking and documents**

##### 95 **7.1 General**

96 This subclause of the GS is recommended but not required.

97 Rationale: Although ensuring that the EUV can be read both over the indicated illumination level  
98 and the indicated cone of visibility is recommended, in this pandemic situation it is not considered

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<sup>8</sup> ANSI, <https://webstore.ansi.org/>

<sup>9</sup> AAMI, <https://my.aami.org/store/>

99 mandatory. It is noted that operators are likely wearing PPE and will have reduced visual acuity.  
100 Consideration should be given to doubling the distance of the observer.

101 **7.2 Marking on the outside of ME EQUIPMENT or ME EQUIPMENT parts**

102 This subclause of the GS is required.

103 **201.7.2.4.101, 201.2.13.101, 201.7.2.101 and 201.7.2.101**

104 These subclauses are required.

105 **7.3 Marking on the inside of ME EQUIPMENT or ME EQUIPMENT parts**

106 This subclause of the GS is required.

107 **7.4 Marking of controls and instruments**

108 This subclause of the GS is required.

109 **201.7.4.2 Control devices**

110 This subclause is required.

111 **201.7.4.3 Units of measurement**

112 This subclause is required.

113 **7.5 Safety signs**

114 This subclause of the GS is required.

115 **7.6 Symbols**

116 This subclause of the GS is required.

117 **7.7 Colours of the insulation of conductors**

118 This subclause of the GS is required.

119 **7.8 Indicator lights and controls**

120 This subclause of the GS is required.

121 NOTE The pending amendment to the GS clarifies this requirement.

122 **7.9 ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS**

123 This subclause of the GS is required.

124 **201.7.9.1 Additional general requirements**

125 This subclause is required.

126 **201.7.9.2.1.101, 201.7.9.2.1.102 and 201.7.9.2.9.101**

127 These subclauses are required except for the portions of these subclauses relating to LAY  
128 OPERATORS are not required.

129 Rationale: OPERATORS of an EUV are trained professional healthcare providers.

130 **201.7.9.2.2.101 Additional requirements for warnings and safety notices**

131 Elements e) and g) are not required as they are not relevant in this situation.

132 **201.7.9.2.8.101, 201.7.9.2.12, 201.7.9.2.13.101 and 201.7.9.2.14.101**

133 These subclauses are required.

134 **201.7.9.3.1.101 and 201.7.9.3.101**

135 These subclauses are required.

136 **Clause 8 Protection against electrical HAZARDS from ME EQUIPMENT**

137 This Clause of the GS is generally required.

138 NOTE: Unless there are electrical connections to the PATIENT (e.g. monitoring ACCESSORIES) or heated breathing tubes  
139 or electrically powered ACCESSORIES (e.g. expiratory valves located proximal to the PATIENT), the plastic breathing tubes  
140 provide adequate floating electrical isolation for PATIENT LEAKAGE CURRENT.

141 NOTE: Commercially available ITC (information technology communications) power supplies can be used, but electrical  
142 safety criteria (e.g. ENCLOSURE TOUCH CURRENTS and dielectric withstand) are likely to exceed 60601-1 limits. This can  
143 be mitigated in several ways such as:

- 144 • Use of a low leakage SEPARATION DEVICE (isolation transformer) (see 16.5 of the GS)
- 145 • A second PERMANENTLY INSTALLED PROTECTIVE EARTH CONNECTION (see 16.6 of the GS)
- 146 • Instructing the OPERATOR to not touch the EUV and the PATIENT at the same time

147 **Clause 9 Protection against MECHANICAL HAZARDS of ME EQUIPMENT and ME SYSTEMS**

148 This Clause of the GS is required.

149 **201.9.4.3.101 Additional requirements for instability from unwanted lateral movement**

150 This subclause is not required.

151 Rationale: This requirement is for equipment intended to be used while moving in e.g. a car.

152 **201.9.4.4 Grips and other handling devices**

153 This subclause is recommended but not required.

154 Rationale: This requirement is intended to make it easy to move the equipment around between  
155 uses. That is not crucial for use during a pandemic.

156 **201.9.6.2.1.101 Additional requirements for audible acoustic energy**

157 This subclause is not required.

158 Rationale: This test is hard to perform and takes expensive equipment to perform. It only provides  
159 information for disclosure that is not crucial for use during a pandemic.

160 **Clause 10 Protection against unwanted and excessive radiation HAZARDS**

161 This Clause of the GS is required.

162 **Clause 11 Protection against excessive temperatures and other HAZARDS**

163 This Clause of the GS is required.

164 **201.11.1.2.2 APPLIED PARTS not intended to supply heat to a PATIENT**

165 This subclause is only applicable if a heated humidifier is utilized. See ISO 80601-2-74.

166 **201.11.6.6 CLEANING and DISINFECTION of ME EQUIPMENT or ME SYSTEM**

167 This subclause is required.

168 **201.11.7 BIOCOMPATIBILITY of ME EQUIPMENT and ME SYSTEMS**

169 This subclause is recommended but not required.

170 The chosen materials for the GAS PATHWAYS need to be reasonably pure and simple in nature  
171 (minimize the use of additives where possible). Avoid Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) in the GAS  
172 PATHWAYS. When possible, efforts should be taken to use materials which have a long history of  
173 safe use in currently marketed medical devices. Care is needed to ensure that gas pathways are  
174 free of foreign material (e.g. oil, particles, volatile organic compounds, mold release agents should  
175 be avoided in the GAS PATHWAYS). Care is needed to ensure that gas pathways do not contain  
176 toxic compounds (e.g., formaldehyde), and do not release noxious gases (e.g., ozone, carbon  
177 monoxide) and fumes. The ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS should include cautionary statement for  
178 any BIOCOMPATIBILITY identified RISK.

179 Rationale: The tests of ISO 18562 (series)<sup>10</sup> are very expensive, time consuming to perform and  
180 require very specialized test equipment. Requiring these tests for an EUV would so delay their  
181 availability such that new designs would not be available when needed.

182 **201.11.8.101 Additional requirements for interruption of the power supply/SUPPLY MAINS to  
183 ME EQUIPMENT ALARM CONDITION**

184 This subclause is required.

185 An external UPS (uninterruptable power supply) may be used to fulfill this requirement.

186 Rationale: The power back up and appropriate notification of power loss is what is important. It  
187 need not be integrated into the EUV.

188 **201.11.8.101.2 Alternative power supply/SUPPLY MAINS**

189 This subclause is only required if the EUV is TRANSIT-OPERABLE.

190 Rationale: For pandemic treatment, an EUV is not required to be TRANSIT-OPERABLE.

191 **Clause 12 Accuracy of controls and instruments and protection against hazardous  
192 outputs**

193 This Clause of the GS is required.

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<sup>10</sup> ISO 18562 (series), *Biocompatibility evaluation of breathing gas pathways in healthcare applications*

194 **201.12.1 Accuracy of controls and instruments**

195 This subclause is not required.

196 Rationale: These requirements are intended for home use by LAY OPERATORS.

197 **201.12.1.101, 201.12.1.102 and 201.12.1.103 (breath types)**

198 These subclauses are required.

199 **201.12.2.101 USABILITY of ME EQUIPMENT**

200 This subclause is required except for d) that is not applicable.

201 Rationale: Requirement d) is related to home use by LAY OPERATORS.

202 **201.12.4 Protection against hazardous output**

203 All subclauses of 201.12.4 are required.

204 **201.12.101 Protection against accidental adjustments**

205 This subclause is required.

206 **Clause 13 HAZARDOUS SITUATIONS and fault conditions for ME EQUIPMENT**

207 This Clause of the GS is required.

208 **201.13.2.101 \* Additional specific SINGLE FAULT CONDITIONS**

209 This subclause is required.

210 **201.13.2.102 \* Independence of ventilation control function and related RISK CONTROL**  
211 **measures**

212 This subclause is required.

213 **Clause 14 PROGRAMMABLE ELECTRICAL MEDICAL SYSTEMS (PEMS)**

214 This Clause of the GS is required.

215 **Clause 15 Construction of ME EQUIPMENT**

216 This Clause of the GS is required.

217 **201.15.102 Pre-use check**

218 This subclause does not apply.

219 Rationale: These requirements are directed to the needs of a LAY OPERATOR.

220 **Clause 16 PROGRAMMABLE ELECTRICAL MEDICAL SYSTEMS (PEMS)**

221 This Clause of the GS is required.

222 **201.16.1.101 Additional general requirements for ME SYSTEMS**

223 This subclause is required.



224 **Clause 17 PROGRAMMABLE ELECTRICAL MEDICAL SYSTEMS (PEMS)**

225 See Clause 202.

226 **201.101 Gas connections**

227 This subclause is required.

228 **201.102 Requirements for the VBS and ACCESSORIES**

229 This subclause is required.

230 **201.103 Spontaneous breathing during loss of power supply**

231 This subclause is required.

232 **201.104 Training**

233 This subclause is required.

234 **201.105 Indication of duration of operation**

235 This subclause is recommended but not required.

236 Rationale: These early warning maintenance-related requirements are not absolutely necessary  
237 in a pandemic situation.

238 **201.106 FUNCTIONAL CONNECTION**

239 This subclause is required.

240 **201.107 Display loops**

241 This subclause is required.

242 **201.108 POWER SUPPLY CORDS**

243 This subclause is required.

244 **201.109 VENTILATORY SUPPORT EQUIPMENT security**

245 This subclause is not required.

246 Rationale: These requirements are needed when there are LAY OPERATORS.

247 **202 Electromagnetic disturbances — Requirements and tests**

248 This Clause is recommended but not required.

249 Rationale: The tests of IEC 60601-1-2 are time consuming and expensive set of tests that take  
250 very specialized equipment. Requiring these tests for an EUV would delay availability such that  
251 new designs might not be available when needed. Disclosure that these tests have not been  
252 performed and that other equipment must be kept at a distance should be considered sufficient.

253 **206 Usability**

254 This Clause is recommended but not required.

255 Rationale: USABILITY as described in IEC 60601-1-6 ensures safety by proscribing a design  
256 PROCESS. A proper USABILITY evaluation is extremely time consuming and requires subject matter  
257 experts. A hard to use EUV can be better than no EUV.

258 **208 General requirements, tests and guidance for alarm systems in medical electrical**  
259 **equipment and medical electrical systems**

260 This Clause is recommended but not required.

261 Rationale: Full compliance with IEC 60601-1-8 would be helpful to the OPERATORS as they would  
262 more readily understand the operation of the EUV ALARM SYSTEM. Care needs to be taken with  
263 auditory ALARM SIGNALS to ensure that they are not too obtrusive, appropriately priority encoded  
264 (so that more urgent problems are more highlighted) and there must be a means to inactivate any  
265 auditory ALARM SIGNAL. The ALARM SYSTEM, ALARM LIMITS, and ALARM CONDITION priorities are  
266 complex areas to optimize for USABILITY. Annex A of IEC 60601-1-8 provides a great deal of  
267 guidance.

268 **211 Requirements for medical electrical equipment and medical electrical systems used**  
269 **in the home healthcare environment**

270 This Clause is not required.

271 Rationale: These requirements relate to home use.

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DRAFT FOR PUBLIC COMMENT